

Rapid Oil Production Ltd.

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1. Introduction

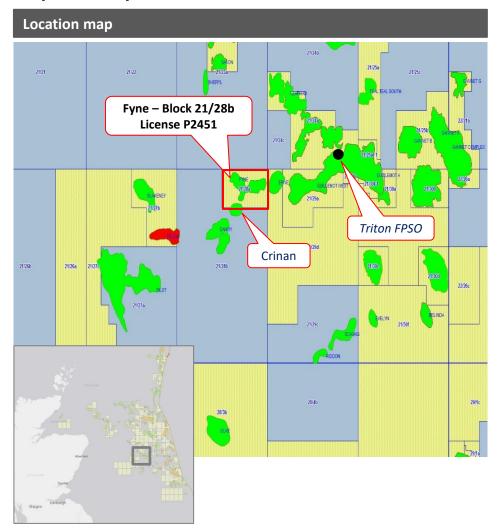
- Rapid Oil Production Ltd (RO) is a UK registered company
- RO is owned by private investors, board members and management
- RO owns 100% of the Fyne license
- Total production is expected to be 15-25 mill bbls
- The initial capex is estimated to < \$150 million</p>
- Farm-out process ongoing as an alternative/addition to an equity/debt financing
- RO has established an experienced board, management and project team, in addition to strong industry partners represented by SLB and TechnipFMC
- Ambition to unlock existing finds by:
 - Production appraisal / phased development approach
 - Build a project portfolio
 - ✓ Long term partnerships



2. Fyne Development Project



Development concept and plan Fyne key information



Key information

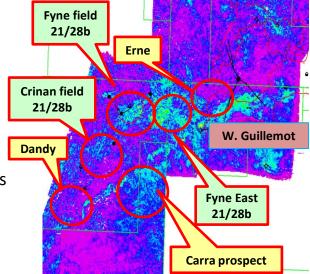
| Country and area | UK Central North Sea |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| License | P2451 |
| Block | 21/28b |
| Water depth | ~90m |
| Discovered | 1987 |
| Historic sunk costs [on field] | >\$100m* |
| Wells drilled | 6 (+ 3 sidetracks) |
| Wells tested | 2 (with good flow) |
| Reservoir | Eocene aged Tay sandstone |
| Oil quality (API) | 21/25° |
| Oil in place (STOIP) | 75 mmbbls (+20 mmbbls in UT) |
| Reserves and resources on block | 13.5 mmbbls (2P) 10.8 mmbbls (2C) |
| License holder | Rapid Oil 100% |

* Incl. E&A wells & seismic survey



Key highlights

- Two wells tested at 3,000 bbls/d (2008) and 3,600 bbls/d (1986)
- Development plan is subsea tie-back to Triton FPSO (10 km tie-back)
 - Heads of Terms with host in the making
- Phased development, minimising up-front capex
- First oil planned for end 2024 at up to 10,000 bopd
- Future opportunities on Dandy, and surrounding exploration prospects
- Second Term extended to 31 Mar 2024



| Field | Net 2P | Net 2C | bopd | | Third well |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Fyne Central | 10.5 mmbbls ¹ | 3.0 mmbbls ² | 10,000 8,000 | | Fyne NWFyne Central |
| Fyne NW | 3.0 mmbbls ¹ | 1.0 mmbbls ² | 6,000 | | |
| Fyne East | _ | 4.5 mmbbls ³ | 4,000 | | |
| Crinan (50% on-block) | - | 2.3 mmbbls | 2,000 | | |
| Total | 13.5 mmbbls | 10.8 mmbbls | - 2023 202 | 24 2025 2026 2027 | 2028 2029 2030 |

1. Included in the current development plan, 10-year field life to 2035 constrained to approximately 15,000 bbls/d gross liquids and 80% uptime

2. Additional five years of field life to 2040

3. Will be included in the development plan as a potential well, dependent upon capacity constraints, reservoir performance etc.



Fyne Field Development overview*

General

- 155 km East of Aberdeen
- Water depth ~ 90m

Development

- Subsea tie-back to Triton
- Dana-operated FPSO
- Tie–in at DC3, ~10 km

Wells

- Phase 1 one gas lifted production well on Fyne
- Phase 2 further producer on Fyne
- Phase 3 Further production well
 - a third well in Fyne East, or
 - Crinan



*) Subject to final agreement with Triton owners

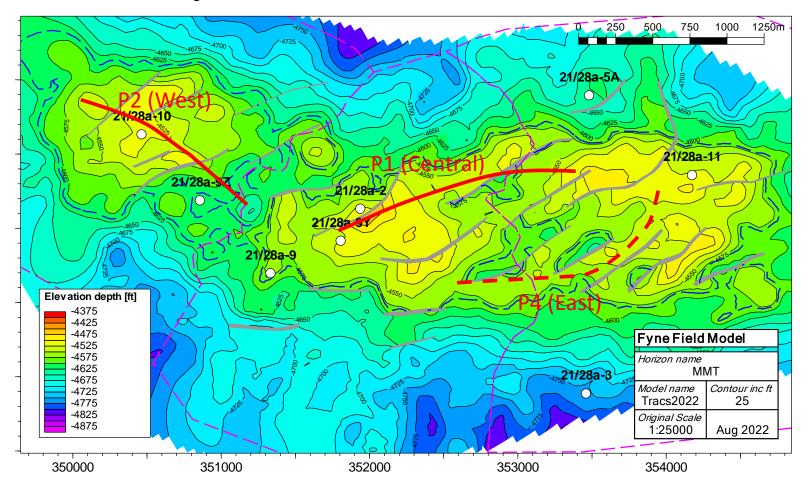


Fyne subsurface risks - summary

| MAIN RISKS | MITIGATION | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Oil in place | Excellent well control over most of the field, extensive data from nine reservoir penetrations: STOIIP range from 50-100 mbbls (excluding UT) | | |
| Compartmentalisation | No evidence of compartmentalisation on well tests MDT/RFT data shows pressure communication throughout MT/MMT sequence. | | |
| Pressure depletion/support | Observed depletion in field history-matched with GGA production: extensive aquifer system. | | |
| Well productivity | 3000 and 3600 bpd from two successful well tests in vertical wells (60 ft completion intervals). 4000 ft horizontal sections to penetrate MT and MMT. | | |
| Reserves | Reserves: 10-19 mbbls (y.e. 2035) from two wells. Reviewed by DECC/Senergy, Shell, ERCe (CPR). | | |
| Flow assurance – emulsions, wax, asphaltenes, corrosion | Extensive geochemical review by David Brankling – downhole and/or surface chemical injection, compatible with GGA fluids. | | |
| Sand control | Lessons learned from analogue fields, e.g. GGA fields, Gannet, Evelyn: Schlumberger OptiPac Open Hole Gravel Pack. | | |



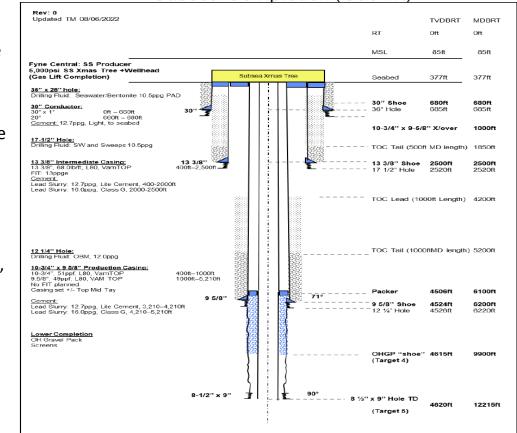
Planned well trajectories





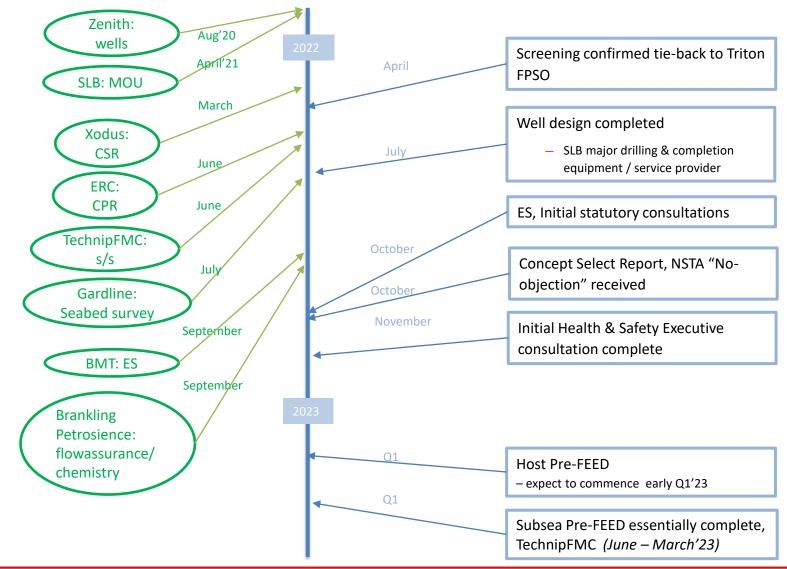
Drilling and completion

- Wells specifics:
 - horizontal sections draining the Middle
 Tay and Main Middle Tay
 - "geometric" wells in the oil leg, positioned at a constant offset from the oil-water contact by ~45 ft
 - completed with "alternate path" (e.g. SLB "OptiPac") open hole gravel packs
 - Maximum completion length is ~4,000"
 - Will be lifted using gas lift
 - Dynamic modelling based on lift gas rates of 5 MMscf/d per well



Subsea Completion (Gas lift)

Rapid Oil 💧



Key contracting/project events 2022



Schedule*

- Concept Select 'No-objection': Oct 2022
- Place Long Lead orders: Q1/Q2, 2023
- Env Statement issue: Q1, 2023
- FDP approval: Q3/Q4, 2023
- Drill well: 2024
- Installation window: 2024
- First Oil: Q4, 2024 (subject to revision*)

Critical Path Activities

- Financing
- Environmental Statement process
- Long Lead items delivery

| D | Task Name | Duration | Start | Finish | - Intern Intern Intern |
|----------------|---|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|---|
| | | | | | 2 2023 2024 2025 1. 2022 Otr 3. 2022 Otr 3. 2022 Otr 4. 2022 Otr 1. 2023 Otr 2. 2023 Otr 3. 2023 Otr 4. 2023 Otr 1. 2024 Otr 2. 2024 Otr 3. 2024 Otr 4. 2024 Otr 3. 2024 Otr 4. 2024 Otr 4. 2024 Otr 3. 2024 Otr 4. 2024 Otr 4 |
| | | | |) | FebMarApriMayJun/Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb MarApriMayJun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb MarApriMayJun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb M |
| 1 | 1.0 LICENCE ADMINISTRATION | 254 days | Sun 05/06/22 | Thu 16/02/23 | 1.0 LICENCE ADMINISTRATION |
| 2 | 1.1 FDP Work Programme & Budget Approval | 25 edays | Mon 11/07/22 | Fri 05/08/22 | |
| 3 | 1.2 Licence Extension Application | 95 days | Sun 05/06/22 | Fri 09/09/22 | 1.2 Ucence Extension Application |
| 8 | 1.3 Joint Operating Agreement (if partner) | 79 days | Set 01/10/22 | Mon 19/12/22 | 1.3 Joint Operating Agreement (if partner) |
| 13 | 1.4 Field Determination | 15 days | Wed 01/02/23 | Thu 16/02/23 | A 1.4 Field Determination |
| 16 | 2.0 ASSESSMENT PHASE | 319 days | Tue 15/02/22 | Sat 31/12/22 | 2.0 ASSESSMENT PHASE |
| 17 | 2.1 Concept Select | 256 days | Tue 15/02/22 | Sun 30/10/22 | 2 1 Concept Select |
| 26 | 2.2 Project Execution Plan (PEP) | 139 days | Mon 15/08/22 | Sat 31/12/22 | 2.2 Project Execution Plan (PEP) |
| 29 | 2.3 Supply Chain Action Plan (SCAP) | 107 days | Wed 31/08/22 | Thu 15/12/22 | 2.3 Supply Chain Action Plan (SCAP) |
| 32 | 3.0 AUTHORISATION PHASE | 698 days | Tue 15/02/22 | Mon 15/01/24 | 3.0 AUTHORISATION PHASE |
| 33 | 3.1959 | 89 davs | Mon 02/01/23 | | 3,1969 |
| 36 | 3.25CAP | 75 days | Thu 15/12/22 | | 3.250.0 |
| 39 | 3.3 Subsurface | 310 days | | Thu 22/12/22 | |
| 64 | 3.4FEED | 498 days | | Wed 28/06/23 | |
| 75 | | 289 days | Tue 15/02/22 | | 3.5 Seabed Survey |
| 83 | 3.5 Seabed Survey | | Set 01/10/22 | | 3.6 Environmental Statement |
| 92 | 3.6 Environmental Statement | 441 days 348 days | Mon 02/01/23 | | 3.7 Field Development Plan |
| | 3.7 Field Development Plan | | | Mon 15/01/24 | |
| 99 | 3.8 Development & Production Consent (FDP Approval) | 30 days | | | 3.8 Development & Production Consent (FDP Approx |
| 103 | 3.9 Operator Approvals | 215 days | Mon 12/12/22 | | 3.9 Operator Approvals |
| 116 | 4.0 FINANCEAND COMMERCIAL | 701 days | Tue 15/02/22 | Wed 17/01/24 | 4.0FINANCEAND COMMERCIAL |
| 117 | 4.1 Development Funding | 701 days | Tue 15/02/22 | Wed 17/01/24 | 4.1 Development Funding |
| 131 | 4.2 Host Commercial Arrangements | 215 days | Sun 30/10/22 | Fri 02/06/23 | 4.2 Host Commercial Arrangements |
| 140 | 4.3 Decommissioning Security Agreement | 196 days | Fri 30/12/22 | Thu 13/07/23 | 4.3 Decommissioning Security Agreement |
| 146 | 4.4 Oil and Gas Sales | 105 days | Wed 29/03/23 | Wed 12/07/23 | 4.4 Qil and Gas Sales |
| 150 | 5.0 Execute Phase | 660 days | Fri 30/12/22 | Sat 19/10/24 | 5.0ExecutePh |
| 151 | 5.1 Detailed Engineering | 660 days | Fri 30/12/22 | Sat 19/10/24 | 5.1 Detailed Er |
| 155 | 5.2 Procurement | 510 days | Fri 30/12/22 | Wed 22/05/24 | 5.2 Procurement |
| 157 | 5.3 Well campaign | 60 days | Thu 23/05/24 | Sun 21/07/24 | 5.3 Well campaign |
| 159 | 5.4 Subsea Installation (date will be driven by host TAR) | 67 days | Mon 22/07/24 | Thu 26/09/24 | 5.4 Subsea Install |
| 162 | 5.5 Host Topside Works | 194 days | Mon 01/04/24 | Fri 11/10/24 | 5.5 Host Topsid |
| 165 | 6.0 First Oil (date will be driven by host TAR) | 0 days | Fri 11/10/24 | Fri 11/10/24 | • 11/10 |
| - | Tank | _ | Project Summary | | Manual Task Start-only Deadline |
| Proje Level | ct: Fyne DC03 Pre-Sanctio Selt | | Inactive Task | | Duration only Progress |
| | 2 Mon 28/11/22 Milestone + | | Inactive Milestone | 0 | Manual Summary Rollup External Tasks Manual Progress |
| | Summary | | Inactive Summary | _ | Manual Summary External Milestone |

*Preliminary, depending financing/ farm-out process



Supply chain - Partnership Model

Philosophy and benefits

- Long term partnership
 - Early involvement
 - Direct on vendor based solutions
 - Less waste
 - Standard processes, incl. "tendering", repetitive admin/contract formats etc.
 - Enhanced improvement cycle
 - Better safety, quality and efficiency
 - Good access to required skills and experiences
 - We can stay lean
- Project execution in integrated team
 - All main partners represented in Project Management Team
 - Transparency Early awareness of issues followed by early problem solving
 - Implementation of forceful drivers helping project focus
 - Improved interaction/cooperation with the supply chain

"ALL IN SAME BOAT"



Partnership Model status

General

Integrated team approach with core management team including key contractors

SLB

- Well construction and completion equipment & services
- Long term agreement signed April 2021
 - Early involvement
 - Access to SLB competence/expertise

Subsea

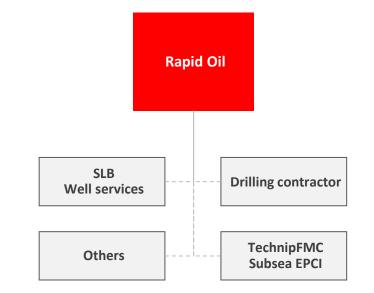
- Integrated EPCI
- TechnipFMC engaged in early phase

Drilling contractor

- Operation of drilling rig
- Market soliciting ongoing

Other

- Zenith Energy: well design (ongoing contract)
- Gardline: Seabed survey (Environmental Statement input)
- TRACS: sub-surface analysis/modelling (ongoing contract)
- Xodus: Concept Select Report (completed with no objection from NSTA)
- BMT: Environmental Statement (ongoing contract)





Fyne contracting

Planned contracts / PO's

- Well Operator
- Well services and completions
- Subsea, including
 - tree (accomodate existing topside controls)
 - Line pipe & coating,
 - Umbilical & controls,
 - pipelay, tie-ins, trenching/rock dumping & survey, and
 - pre-commissioning
- Project management support
- Drilling services
- Logistics services



How can the supply chain help?

- Early involvement
- Participate in risk/reward scheme
- Have a long-term mindset
- «Optimise on behalf of the project» mentality
- Be transparent, pro-active and solution oriented
- Take ownership and support the integrated team model



we will normally support a vendor based approach



- 3. Unlocking stranded assets
- Challenges
- Potential solutions
- How can the supply chain help?



General challenges – unlocking marginal fields

- A well known industry problem

A high number of undeveloped discoveries

High number of relinquished marginal Licences

- Framework stability
- Attracting investors
- Onerous requirements
- Risks
- Market volatility



Challenges

- Two specifics....
- Financing
 - Marginal field too small for many
 - Single well risk
 - Equity raise without ongoing production / guarantees
 - Emerging renewables market Funds and others escaping O&G investments
 - Challenging market with front loaded payment structure
 - Private investors or farm-ins
 - High risk -> quick return
- Approval processes
 - Strong focus on tie-backs high capex and dependency of infrastructure Host
 - Production appraisal require full FDP process
 - Alternative gas solutions?



Industry challenges

The oil industry has also been struggling with two other major issues

1

Lack of sufficient data for optimal design of field development projects, hence...

- …Oversized production facilities
- ...Suboptimal positioning of wells
- ...Lower production rate and recoverable reserves compared to expectations

2

Lack of capital efficient development solutions for staged developments, hence...

- ...Significant up-front capital requirement
- ...Lack of efficient early production facilities for optimal staging of production
- …Lack of cost efficient gas solutions



Potential solutions, #1 - Production Appraisal

Higher NPV from data optimizing field development plan, higher value of oil in ground

Key characteristics

- Integrated package approach
- Production over 6 12 months
- Production rate capacity up to 20,000 bbls/d
- Several shut-ins for pressure draw down and build-up measurements
- Dynamically Positioned FPSO to reduce installation cost, or moored for longer durations (alternative use of Jack Ups)

Benefits

- Reservoir de-risking
- Cash contribution, potentially building cash for the development stage
- Reduce or eliminate need for traditional appraisal wells
- Improved data for optimal design of production facility and positioning of wells
- All adding up to increased value of oil in ground
- Reduced GHG emissions!

We need

- acceptable gas solutions
- → cost efficient production facilities
- dedicated regulative (in line with EWT)?



Potential solution, #2 - Early Production

Improved IRR – early cash flow reducing upfront development capex

Key characteristics

- Performed by a dedicated early production system
- Production over 2 3 years
- Production rate up to 20,000 bbls/d
- FPSO turret or spread moored depending on environment
- Drilling unit can be used in some cases
- Limited "tailor making"



Oil company benefits

- Significantly improved capital efficiency from lower upfront capital requirement (up to 80% reduction)
- Contribution from *Early Production* will fund part of future development capital
- Earlier first oil will improve field NPV and boost the project IRR
- Getting early production data for optimization of development plan
- Resulting in improved recovery factor

We need

- acceptable gas solutions
- → cost efficient production facilities
- suitable project portfolio



How can the supply chain help?

In unlocking marginal fields

Overall:

- Develop cost efficient gas solutions
- Partnering on Production Appraisal/Early Production systems
- Creative risk/reward schemes
- Facilitate re-use/leasing of equipment
- Standardise / stock programs
 -> reduce lead times

Fyne & future projects

- Early involvement
- Participate in risk/reward scheme
- Have a long-term mindset
- «Optimise on behalf of the project» mentality
- Be transparent, pro-active and solution oriented
- Do not rely on the operator doing the QA/QC
- Take ownership and support the integrated team model



Commoditise / vendor-based approach



Thank you !

Rapid Oil Production Ltd – OEUK Share Fair 2nd Feb'23